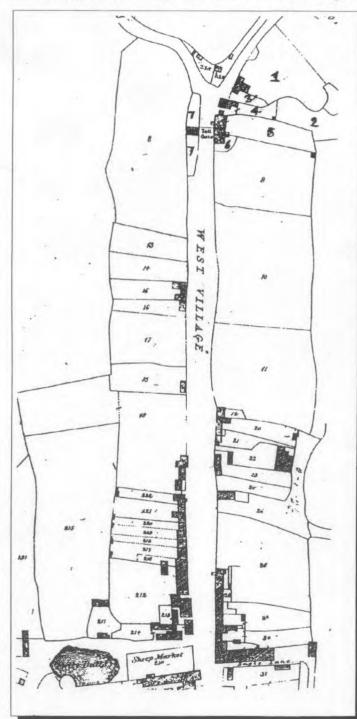
## Westgate Report

The Tithe map of 1843 shows that at that time Westgate had very few houses beyond the Baptist Chapel, much of the road being lined by 'meadows' and 'gardens'. The properties were owned by a total of seventeen individuals and 'bodies' with Illtyd Nicholls being the major landowner of the 'undeveloped' land. The following list of owners is in alphabetical order.



The Baptist Society

Properties 21 and 22.

**Thomas Basset** 

Properties 217, 218, 219 and 220.

John Bevan

Property 212.

**Edward Bradley** 

Properties 24 and 25.

The Commissioner of Roads

Property 6a.

The Corporation of Cowbridge

Properties 210, 238 and 229.

Earl of Dunraven

Properties 15, 17, 18 and 26

**Thomas Edmondes** 

Properties 5, 9, 19, 23, 30, 211 and 215.

Richard Franklen Homfrey
Properties 1, 2, 3 and 4. Penllyn Castle
Estate

Henry Griffiths

Property 222.

James Hiscock

Property 20.

Cadogan Howell

Property 14.

Mrs Lewis

Properties 6 and 7.

Ann Llewelyn Properties 27, 28 and 213

Thomas Morris Property 29.

Illtyd Nicholl Properties 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16 and 221

Thomas Rees Property 214

The properties listed as either a house, a cottage or an inn are marked in red.

## 1843

The Tithe Map shows a cluster of buildings around the 'West Village' Toll Gate and the 'Tithe Commutation List' shows that the properties, numbered 1-7, 238 and 239 on the map, were owned by the following people.

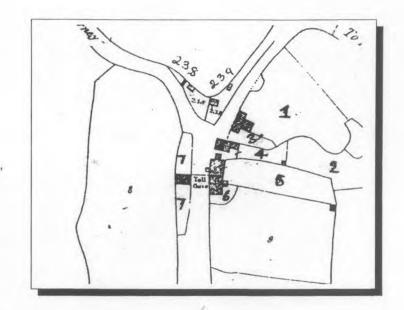
Properties 1-4
Richard Franklen

Property 5  $\sim q$ Thomas Edmondes

Properties 6 and 7
Mrs Lewis

Property 6a 'The Turnpike House' The Commissioner for Roads.

Properties 238 and 239
The Corporation of Cowbridge.



The occupiers of the properties were as follows.

<u>Property 1</u> 'The Westgate Inn', **David Preece.** He is also shown as the occupier of <u>Properties 2 and 3</u>, described as 'gardens'.

Property 4 a 'House and garden', Thomas Williams. (\*)

<u>Property 5</u> a 'House and garden', **John Lewis**. He is also shown as the occupier of <u>Property 9</u>, a 'meadow'.

<u>Property 6</u> a 'House and garden', **David Lewis**. He was also the occupier of <u>Property 7</u> a 'Nailer's Shop' on the opposite side of the road.

Property 6a 'The Turnpike House', George Malpas.

Property 238 'Cottage and garden', Thomas Evans.

Property 239 'Cottage and garden', Thomas Lewis.

(\*) A Thomas Williams (?same man?) is also shown as the occupier of Properties 21 and 25.

Today there are two houses on the sites of <u>Properties 238 and 239</u>, 'Westgate Lodge' and 'Rock House'. However 'Westgate Lodge' was completely rebuilt only a few years ago and 'Rock House', according to the 'Deeds', was rebuilt circa 1903.

<u>Properties 4, 5, 6, 6a and 7</u> have also been demolished, so only the 'Westgate Inn', now known as 'Westgate House', is still standing.

## The 'Westgate Inn'



The earliest reference to the site of the inn appears in 'Dynevor Property' papers deposited in the Glamorgan Record Office.

D/D D155

" <u>1st March 1649/50</u> - Lease for 99 years, annual rent 1 ss and couple of hens and work of one man one day in the corn harvest or 4d in lieu. Thomas Davies of Llanharan, gent to John Webb of Cowbridge, tailor, lands called Gibbett Hill or Hangmans Hill, ¾ acres."

Later in 1740 -

D/D D160

"William Lord Talbot, lease for three lives to John Jones of Cowbridge periwig (?) maker, messuage and croft called Gibbett Hill, ¾ acres, as lately held by Henry Williams or his under-tenants."

1758 -

D/D D163

"John Lloyd, yeoman, messuage, garden and croft called Gibbett Hill."

1779 -

D/D D164

"William Earl Talbot to William Meyrick, cordwainer, lease for 99 years (3 lives) house, garden and croft called Gibbett Hill."

The name of William Meyrick is mentioned again in the '1788 Cowbridge Land Tax Assessment' -

"Lord Talbot - William Meyrick - 5s"

The property also appears in the 'Penllyn Papers' deposited in the Glamorgan Record Office -

D/D WP Box 5 - Bundle 24

July 17th 1750 - "Earl Talbot to William Meyrick, lease for 3 lives - William Morgan, Mary his wife, and Thomas son of Richard Meyrick of Penlline, brother of said William Meyrick, at a yearly rent of £3 - 10 -0.

<u>July 7th 1799</u> - "Rt. Hon. George Talbot, Baron Dynevor, to Reverend Evan Jones, clerk, (bought at auction for £78) All that messuage, dwelling house, garden and close called Gibbett Hill (about 1 acre) in possession of William Meyrick or his under tenants at yearly rent of £3 - 10 -0."

1831 - "Evan Jones, vicar of Colwinston, to Thomas Lewis then of Cowbridge, ironmonger, but now of Bridgend, brewer, 99 year lease." (soon after the lease was granted, Thomas Lewis built the dwelling house now used as a public house, called the Westgate Inn)

1843 - Death of Evan Jones; title of Westgate Inn passed to Reverend Sam Fenton, of Wavertree, Liverpool, wife Lydia, and Theophilus John Fenton also freehold dwelling house occupied by John Morgan adjoining the same; also three closes of pasture land adjoining and near the Westgate Inn in Llanblethian."

(1849 - Reverend Samuel Fenton to Thomas Lewis, lease of land near Tyla Rosser and the Pyle road.)

In his "Cowbridge and Llanblethian - Past and Present." (page 87) Brian LL. James names the many public houses in Cowbridge around the year of 1850. He labels several, including two in Westgate - 'The Westgate Inn' and 'The Bush', as -

"Only beer-houses or beer-shops...... These were not strictly speaking 'licensed premises' since anyone could open a beer-shop, under the Sale of Beer Act of 1830, on payment of a two-guinea excise fee......undoubtedly they varied quite a bit in their clientele and the standard of hospitality they offered." (#)

This explains why, apart from 1871 when the census shows two locally born lodgers in residence, the 'Westgate' - although called an inn - did not provide any accommodation for guests.

It would appear from the census returns that in 1891, when work was proceeding on the 'Cowbridge and Aberthaw Railway', other inns in Westgate, and some houses, were full of 'Navvies' and their families. **Henry Trott**, formerly of the 'Toll House' (1881 Census) and at that time landlord of the 'Globe', was accommodating ten on Census night (\*). The 'Greyhound' had four but the 'Bush', like the 'Westgate', had none.

- (#) "Beer-houses had to be licensed by the justices after the Wine and Beer-House Act of 1869"
- (\*) Altogether there were 21 people in the house that night.

If the 'Westgate Inn' opened in 1832 we have no details of the 'landlords' for the next eleven years. The first named being a David Preece mentioned in the 1843 Tithe Commutation List

Then after 1851 we have the names and details given in the ten-yearly censuses -

6.

Cabadala

1851 Census

In 1851 the occupier of the Westgate Inn was the 63 year old Somerset born 'Victualler' Joseph Williams.

1861 Census

Ten years later in 1861 39 year old Glamorgan born William Rees, again described as a 'Victualler', was living in the inn.

1871 Census

However by 1871 the 'Publican' was another Glamorgan born man, the recently married **Illtyd Davies**, who was to remain there for at least twenty years. His name appears as the occupier in both the **1881 and 1891 Censuses**. In 1871 and in 1881 Illtyd Davies described himself as an 'Agricultural labourer and Publican/Innkeeper'. But not in 1891 when he described himself as just a 'Licensed Victualler'.

Apart from having his two daughters in employment, working as dressmakers, had trade at the inn improved sufficiently for him to give up his "Day Job"??? Perhaps the 1869 'Wine and Beer-House Act' had gradually reduced the number of rival establishments in the town.

## Census Records for the 'Westgate Inn'.

The census records reproduced below have some details missing, due to either my inability to read the collater's writing or the photocopies clipping the edges of the original sheets.

## 1843 Tithe Commutation

Property 1 - Westgate Inn - Occupant David Preece

#### 1851 Census

Sched						
16	Name			Age		Birthplace
	Joseph Williams Ann Williams	Head Wife	Married Married	7.7	? Victualler ?	Somerset, ????????? Glamorgan, ???????
2.				18	61 Census	
Sched 119						
112	William Rees	Head	Married	39	Victualler	Glamorgan, St Marys
	Catherine Rees	Wife	Married	30		Glamorgan, ????????
	Francis G Rees	Son		10		Glamorgan, ???????
	William L Rees	Son		2 (	?)	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Mary S Rees	Dau		6 n	nonths	Glamorgan, Cowbridge

## Schedule

133

Illtyd Davies	Head Married 31 Ag' Lab' and Publican	Glamorgan, Marcross
Alice Davies	Wife Married 31	Glamorgan, Wick
Mary Jenkins	StepDau 2	Glamorgan, Marcross
<b>Edmund Davies</b>	Son 3 months	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
William Davies	Brother Umar' 34 Ag'.Lab.	Glamorgan, HALCROSS

#### Manage

John(?) Bright

Lodger Umar' 26

Painter

Glamorgan, Cowbridge

## 1881 Census

Sc	h	ad	11	ľ
20	A.L	Cu	u	U

289

Illtyd Davies	Head Mar	ried 42	Ag.Lab and Innkeeper	Glamorgan, Marcross
Alice Davies	Wife Mar	ried 42		Glamorgan, Wick
Mary Jenkins	StepDau	12	Scholar	Glamorgan, Marcross
Adelaide Davies	Dau	8	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
Margaret Davies	Dau	6	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
William Davies	Son	3		Glamorgan, Cowbridge

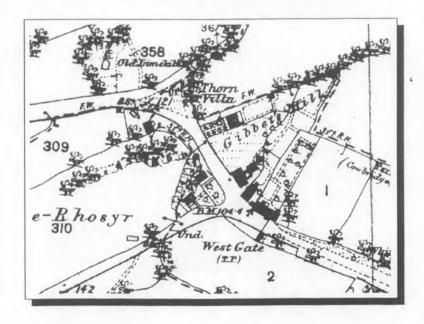
## 1891 Census

## Schedule

Illtyd Davies	Head	Married	157(?)	Licensed Victualler	Glamorgan, Marcross
Alice Davies	Wife	Married	157 (?)		Glamorgan, Wick
Adelaide Davies	Dau	Umar'	18	Dressmakers Assistant	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
Margaret Davies	Dau	Umar'	16	Dressmaker	Glamorgan, Cowbridge

(?) Obviously an error made in transcription.

Today two more houses stand in the garden of the old inn. 'Bryn Crogwr' (Gibbet Hill'), was formerly known as 'Thorn Cottage' and is a modern building. ( It is not shown on the 1972 OS 6-inch map ) The older of the two, 'Thorn Villa', was presumably built between 1851 and 1861 as it first appears in the 1861 Census returns and it is shown on the 1877 OS 25 inch/mile map.



# Thorn Villa



				186	1 Census	
Schedu	le					Birthplace
120						311 mproce
	William Thomas	Head	M	77	Retired Farmer	Glamorgan, St Mary Church
	Rebecca Thomas	Wife	M	70		Glamorgan, Lanblethian
	Rebecca Thomas	Servant	Umar'	19	House Servant	??????????
				187	1 Census	
Schedu	ile					
134						
	William Thomas	Head	M	88	Retired Farmer	Glamorgan, St Mary Church
	Rebecca Thomas	Wife	M	80		Glamorgan, Lanblethian
	Selina Thomas	Servant	M	20	General Servant	Glamorgan, Newbridge
				188	1 Census	
Schedu	le					
290						
	James F Rich	Head	M	60	Officer of Excise	Lancashire, Wigan
	Elizabeth Rich	Wife	M	59		Norfolk, Yarmouth
	Mary Rich	Dau	Umar'	33		Gloucester, Iron Acton
	William Rich	Son	Umar'	26	Bank Cashier	Lancashire, Liverpool
	Amy Rich	Dau	Umar'	22	School Teacher	Salop, ?Bosely?
	James L Rich	Son	Umar'	19 (?)	Scholar	Brecon, Builth Wells
	Alice Rich	Dau		14	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
				1891 C	ensus	
Schedu	ile					
6						
	Jane Meredith	Head	Widow	64	living on means	Merthyr Tydfil
	Mary Meredith	Dau	Umar'	30	living on means	Merthyr Tydfil
	Sarah Meredith	Dau	Umar'	26	Milliner	Merthyr Tydfil
(7)	Charles Griffiths (*)	Lodger	Umar'	30	Bank Clerk	Breconshire, Hay

<sup>(\*)</sup> Charles Griffiths has been given a different 'schedule number' although he was shown as a lodger. The convention was only to give such a number if he had been a 'Head of Household'. This is only one of the many basic mistakes made by this collator.

## Other Buildings around the West Village Toll Gate

Apart from the 'Westgate Inn' there are six other dwellings shown in the 1843 'Tithe Commutation List'. They are Properties 238, 239, 4, 5, 6a (the Toll House) and Property 6. The first two of these were discussed on page 3.

## Property 4

This thatched building stood at a right angle to the road (see the map on page 3) and was situated between the 'Westgate Inn' and Property 5. According to the <u>Tithe Commutation List of 1843</u> it was owned by Richard Franklen and the occupier was a Thomas Williams. Franklen was also shown as the owner of the 'Westgate Inn'. I presume that this is the same house described on page 5 which passed to Sam Fenton on the death of Evan Jones -".... freehold dwelling house, occupant John Morgan, adjoining the same; i.e. the 'Westgate Inn')

But of course this names a different owner and occupier to those shown on the Tithe list. This could be explained if, as was discussed in class, Richard Franklen was a Land Agent and John Morgan was a subtenant of Thomas Williams.

The <u>1891 Census</u> tells us that the house had only four rooms but in both 1851 and 1861 the occupant was shown as a 'lodging house keeper'!!! A blacksmith lived here in 1871 so had the 'nailer's shop' across the road, <u>Property 7</u>, been converted to a blacksmiths forge?

#### 1843 Tithe Commutation List

Occupier - Thomas Williams

## 1851 Census

				osi census	
ile					
John Morgan	Head	M	52	Greenwich Pensioner	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
				(Lodging house Keeper)	
Elizabeth Morgan	Wife	M	44	Dressmaker	Glamorgan, ???
William Morgan	Son	Um	14	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
Alfred Lewis	Lodger	M	24	?Saddler?	Brecon, La
Ann Lewis	Wife	M	22		Hereford, De
Alfred Lewis	Son		2		Brecon, La
Jane Powell	Lodger	W	40	No Occupation	Brecon, St
			18	361 Census	
ile					
Ann Jenkins	Head	W	75	Lodging House Keeper	Glamorgan, St Brides
Jane Jenkins	Dau	Um	33	Dressmaker	Glamorgan, Lanblethian
Rebekah Jenkins	Gdau		8	Scholar	Glamorgan, Whitchurch
David John	Boarder	Um	32	Groom	Glamorgan, Ystrad
John Baker	Boarder	Um	18	Labourer	Glamorgan, Swansea
	Elizabeth Morgan William Morgan Alfred Lewis Ann Lewis Alfred Lewis Jane Powell  Ann Jenkins Jane Jenkins Rebekah Jenkins David John	John Morgan Head  Elizabeth Morgan Wife William Morgan Son Alfred Lewis Lodger Ann Lewis Wife Alfred Lewis Son Jane Powell Lodger  Ann Jenkins Head Jane Jenkins Dau Rebekah Jenkins Gdau David John Boarder	John Morgan Head M  Elizabeth Morgan Wife M William Morgan Son Um Alfred Lewis Lodger M Ann Lewis Wife M Alfred Lewis Son Jane Powell Lodger W  ale  Ann Jenkins Head W Jane Jenkins Dau Um Rebekah Jenkins Gdau David John Boarder Um	John Morgan Head M 52  Elizabeth Morgan Wife M 44 William Morgan Son Um 14 Alfred Lewis Lodger M 24 Ann Lewis Wife M 22 Alfred Lewis Son 2 Jane Powell Lodger W 40  Ile  Ann Jenkins Head W 75 Jane Jenkins Dau Um 33 Rebekah Jenkins Gdau 8 David John Boarder Um 32	John Morgan Head M 52 Greenwich Pensioner (Lodging house Keeper)  Elizabeth Morgan Wife M 44 Dressmaker William Morgan Son Um 14 Scholar Alfred Lewis Lodger M 24 ?Saddler? Ann Lewis Wife M 22 Alfred Lewis Son 2 Jane Powell Lodger W 40 No Occupation  1861 Census  Ile  Ann Jenkins Head W 75 Lodging House Keeper Jane Jenkins Dau Um 33 Dressmaker Rebekah Jenkins Gdau 8 Scholar David John Boarder Um 32 Groom

Schedule

132						
	William Jennings	Head	M	27	Blacksmith	Somerset, Coleceston (?)
	Mary Jennings	Wife	M	27		Glamorgan, Penlline
	Catherine Jennings	Dau		3		Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Frederick Seymour	Nephev	V	15	Smith's Apprentice	Glamorgan, Coleceston (original error!!!)
				18	881 Census	
Schedu 288	<u>lle</u>					
200	Charles Baker	Head	M	41	Agricultural Labourer	Somerset, Bromfield(?)
	Elizabeth Baker	Wife	M	48		Somerset, ditto
	Esther Daniel	Dau	M	20	Puddlers Wife	Somerset, ditto
	Charles Daniel	Gson		6		Glamorgan, Aberdare
	Ellen Baker	Dau		17	General Servant	Somerset, ??
	Sarah Jane Baker	Gdau		5		Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Charles Baker	Son		8	Scholar	Glamorgan, Penllyne
	Harriet Baker	Dau		5		Glamorgan, Penllyne
	James Baker	Son		2		Glamorgan, Penllyne
	John Pritchard	Visitor		25	Agricultural Labourer	Brecon, Builth
				18	391 Census	
Schedu 4	le	/				
4	Edward Edwards	Head	M	41	Farm Servant	Glamorgan, St Donats
	Mary Edwards	Wife	M	30	1 dani Sor tani	Glamorgan, Llanblethian
	William Edwards	Son	147	5	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	? Magdalu? Edwards	Dau		3	Donotti.	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Alice Edwards	Dau		1		Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Henry Harris	Lodger	S	40	Railway Labourer	Monmouth, Bassaleg

As an observation I have noticed that Cowbridge seems to have attracted many agricultural labourers and other workers from Somerset. In fact I believe that the county of Somerset was the most common 'Place of Birth' of the non-Welsh born residents of the town. Presumably this was because the industrial north of Glamorgan with its higher wages was drawing away workers from the Vale and replacements were being recruited from across the Bristol Channel. But why so many did so many come from Somerset compared to the other west country counties?

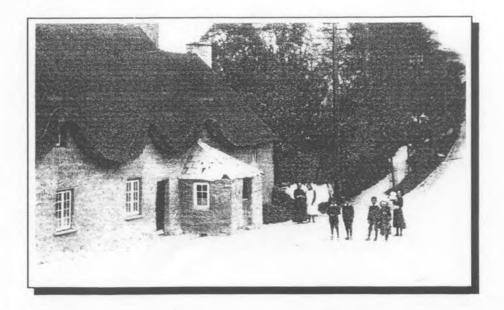
Perhaps one such 'recruit' from Somerset was the **Charles Baker** shown above in the 1881 Census. He had moved to South Wales sometime between 1864 and 1873. His daughter **Mrs Esther Daniel**, who was born in Somerset in 1861, was the wife of an '*Iron Puddler*' presumably working in Aberdare. Her son Charles Daniel had been born there c.1875, at which time Esther would have been only 14!!

## Properties 5, 6a, 6 and 7



This photograph of Westgate was taken after the 'Old Manse' was built in 1912, probably around 1920. On the left of the frame is the thatched block of buildings with the projecting 'porch' consisting of the '1843 Properties' Nos. 5, 6a and 6. On the opposite side of the road is a small hut-like building, Property 7, the 'Nailer's Shop'. The 'Westgate Inn' and Property 4 are out of the picture on the left.

On the north side of the road the first building to the east of the fields is the present No. 27 Westgate. The row of trees fringing the road is still there, though somewhat larger now, and above them is the Baptist Chapel. On the south side of the road the first 'building' is probably the 'Telephone Exchange' and behind the trees is the 'Old Manse'.



A closer view shows the front door of <u>Property 5</u>, then the tiled toll-collectors booth, <u>Property 6a</u>, with a window on either side and a 'stable door'. Beyond that is Property 6 and another few yards further on

is a telegraph pole. A modern pole occupies the same spot today.

## Property 5

This was another four roomed house and owned in 1843 by **Thomas Edmondes** and a **John Lewis** was the occupier. John was still living there in 1851 and the census shows that he was a 62 year old stone mason and that he had three adult sons who worked in the same trade. His third son **Richard Lewis** appears in both the 1871 and 1881 censuses living in <u>Property 6</u> on the other side of the Tollhouse. Richard's son **John** had been born in 1862 at Llantwit Major, explaining the family's absence from the 1861 Cowbridge census. In 1891, aged 69, Richard was living in the cottage (later 'Westgate Lodge'-schedule 9) next to 'Rock Cottage'.

In 1871 and 1881 the occupier was an **Evan Rees** a farmer and milkman from Llanmaes. Evan evidently prospered as by 1881, aged 47, he had doubled his land from 54 to 95 acres and his family from four children to nine. (and all in a four roomed house!!!)

## 1843 Tithe Commutation

Occupier - John Lewis

	**			18	851 Census	
Schedule	9					
14						
	John Lewis	Head	M	62	Stone Mason	Glamorgan, ????
	Margaret Lewis	Wife	M	60	Pastry Cook	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Mary Lewis	Dau	Um	33	Dress Maker	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	John Lewis	Son	Um	31	Stone Mason	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Thomas Lewis	Son	Um	29	Stone Mason	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Richard Lewis	Son	Um	27	Stone Mason	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Margaret	Dau	Um	23	Dressmaker Apprentice	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	John Lewis? Thomas?	Lodger		9	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
				18	361 Census	
Schedule	2					
117	Thomas Roberts	Head	M	33	Tailor Jouneyman	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	A LLOUISING A LUCK TO TO	Wife	M	26	Tanoi Jouneyman	Glamorgan, Landough
	MargaretRoberts	Dau	IVI	7	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Mary Roberts	Dau		4	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Margaret Roberts Elizabeth Roberts	Dau		2	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	?Lola? Roberts	Dau		1 mo	onth	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	. Dota. 1 toos to	244				
				18	871 Census	
Schedule 131	<u>e</u>					
131	Evan Rees	Head	M	36	Farmer 54 acres/Milkman	Glamorgan, Llanmaes
	Mary Rees	Wife	M	31		Glamorgan, Coychurch
	Jane Rees	Dau		8	Scholar	Glamorgan, Coychurch
	Ann Rees	Dau		6	Scholar	Glamorgan, Llanmaes
	Elizabeth Rees	Dau		4		Glamorgan, Llanmaes
	John Rees	Son		2		Glamorgan, Cowbridge

Sche	dule					
287	7					
	Evan Rees	Head	M	47	Farmer 95 acres	Glamorgan, Llanmaes
	Mary Rees	Head	M	43		Glamorgan, Coychurch
	Jane Rees	Dau	Um	18	Domestic Servant	Glamorgan, Coychurch
	Ann Rees	Dau	Um	16	Domestic Servant	Glamorgan, Llanmaes
	Elizabeth Rees	Dau	Um	14	Scholar	Glamorgan, Llanmaes
	John Rees	Son		12	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Thomas Rees	Son		9	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Mary Rees	Dau		7	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	William Rees	Son		5	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Edmund Rees	Son		2		Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Beatrice Rees	Dau		5 mo	onths	Glamorgan, Cowbridge

#### 1891 Census

S	ch	ed	u	le
_	-			

Samuel Williment(?) Head M 58 Gardener (domestic servant) Son Mary Williment(?) Wife M 54 Son John Bond(?) Brother ? 29 Gardener (domestic servant) Son

Somerset, Combe St Nichola Somerset, Buckland St Mary

Somerset, Combe Storey

## Property 6a - The Toll House

This 'house' was even smaller having only 2 rooms and no apparent garden, unless it shared a garden with Property 5. Perhaps this explains why the post of toll-keeper was often given to widows and widowers.

The Cowbridge turnpike road is mentioned several times in <u>"The Diary of William Thomas"</u> (Editor - Roy Denning) and it seems to have started to operate in 1765. So there must have been Toll-houses and keepers from that time and we have two mentions of the early 'gate-keepers' in the diary.

#### page 199

"January 1768 ... Was buried in Penlline since the 17th of December last part, **Thomas Christopher** that kept the west gate of Cowbridge. Of 80 years of age he was the father of he that was lately committed to Cardiff's jail for stealing the money of David of Caewanaf."

## page 364

"March 1788 - 9th March - was buried in Bonvilston from Cowbridge Westgate, where he kept the gate, old **Philip Lwycher** of 80 years of age or more."

The 'Cowbridge Directory of 1795' gives the names of two others but as there were three toll-gates in Cowbridge so we do not know where they worked.

Thomas Christmas Tollgate Keeper Lewis John Toll-gatherer

Brian LL James say on page 83-4 of his 'Cowbridge and Llanblethian - Past and Present' that from 1832 when the main road was diverted to pass through Bridgend that town grew rapidly and it became the main market of Mid Glamorgan and so Cowbridge became less important. Then when the railway between Cardiff and Swansea opened in 1850 the mail coach ceased to run through Cowbridge.

Henry Trott

Ann Trott

Ann Trott

Henry W Trott

Head

Wife

Dau

Son

M

-David Jones of Wallington in describing Cowbridge in the 1860s said that on Tuesdays, the market day, the town was busy but -

"On the remaining six days of the week the long single street of the town might be used as a ground for rifle practice with but small danger to any of her Majesty's subjects."

This is reflected in the 'manning' of the western toll-gate. From 1871 onwards the husband worked at his trade leaving his wife and children to collect the tolls. In the late 1880s the County Councils took over the responsibility for the roads and the tollhouses became redundant. After the post of Tollgate Collector disappeared the last known resident of the tollhouse **Henry Trott** went on to become by 1891 the unsuccessful landlord of the 'Globe Inn'. (In the early years of the next century he was working as a Coal merchant)

#### 1843 Tithe Commutation List

Occupier - George Malpas

#### 1851 Census Schedule 13 John Gibbon(?) M 57 Toll Gate Collector Berkshire, ..... Head 1861 Census Schedule 116 Margaret Llewelyn Glamorgan, Ystrad Head 48(?) Toll Collector Glamorgan, Ystrad John Llewelyn Son 9 Scholar Tailor Journeyman John Jenkins BinLaw 35 Glamorgan, St Do .... 1871 Census Schedule 130 Glamorgan, Cowbridge James John Head M 31 Gardener Wife 32 Toll Collector Glamorgan, Colwinston Ann John M Joseph John 6 Scholar Glamorgan, Lanblethian Son Matilda John Scholar Glamorgan, Cowbridge Dau 4 Francis Son 15 months Glamorgan, Cowbridge Emily Dau 3 months Glamorgan, Cowbridge 1881 Census Schedule 286

Road Labourer

Scholar

Toll Gate Keeper

Somerset, North Petherton

Somerset, North Petherton

Glamorgan, Cowbridge

Glamorgan, Cowbridge

35(?)

27(?)

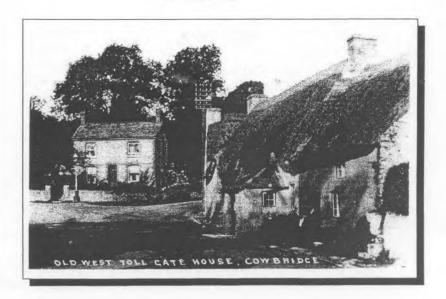
5 months

## Schedule

2

George Burley	Head	M	37	Blacksmiths striker	Gloucester, Stroud
Elizabeth Burley	Wife	M	24		Somerset,Road
??? Burley	Son		1		Glamorgan, Llanblethian

## Property 6



This 3 roomed house was at the eastern end of the block and, as is shown in this photograph, it had a lower roof line than the other two houses. Also the garden to the rear of the property, as shown in the **1843 Tithe map** (page 1), was very much smaller than that of Property 5. It appears to have been 'scooped out' of the meadow, **Property 9**, owned by **Thomas Edmondes** who also owned **Property 5**.

Therefore I would suggest that <u>Properties 5 and 6a</u> were originally one house. When a tollhouse was needed in 1765 Thomas Edmondes's predecessor partitioned off the end of the house, added a porch and sold it to the Road Commissioners. <u>Property 6</u> was built on at a later date and allotted only a small garden before eventually being sold to Mrs Lewis.

### 1843 Tithe Commutation List

Occupier - David Lewis

#### 1851 Census

Schedule

12

Edward Roberts	Head	M	65(?)	Labourer	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
Ann Roberts	Wife	M	68	?Laundress?	Glamorgan,?
Ann Vaughan	Dau	M	39	A pauper, no occupation	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
Thomas Vaughan	Gson		11	Scholar	Glamorgan, Cowbridge

	chedule					
	115 Mary Sophia Morgan	Head	W	46	Chelsea Pensioner W	Vant Dontford
	Mary Morgan	Dau	M	47	Boot Closer	Kent, Deptford Kent, Brompton
	David Thomas	Boarde		57	Boot Maker Journeyman	Gloucestershire, St Michael
				18	371 Census	
	chedule					
1	129		4.5		1900	
	Richard Lewis	Head	M	46	Mason	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Margaret Lewis	Wife	M	47	6.1.1	Glamorgan, St Donats
	John Lewis	Son		9	Scholar	Glamorgan, Llantwit Major
				18	881 Census	
Sc	chedule					
28					4	
	Richard Lewis	Head	M	56	Mason	Glamorgan, Cowbridge
	Margaret Lewis	Wife	M	56		Glamorgan, Llantwit Major
	John Lewis	Son	Um	19	Mason	Glamorgan, Llantwit Major
				18	391 Census	
Sc	chedule					
	1					
	Alice Griffiths	Head	W	52	?keeper of fancy shop?	Glamorgan, Llangan
	Richard Griffiths	Son	Um	19	wheelwright	Glamorgan, Llanblethian
	??? David	Gdau		8		Glamorgan, Maesteg

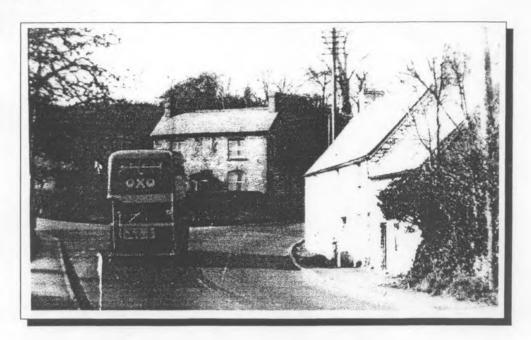
The photograph on the opposite page was taken after 1903 when 'Rock House' was rebuilt. The 'Westgate Inn' is not visible but the gable end of the 1843 Property 4, which stood at a right angle to the road, can just be seen.

## Property 7 - Nailer's Shop

This small building stood across the road from the Tollhouse and from photographic evidence it seems to have survived into the 20th century (page 11). A description of such a nailer's shop was given in a book published by the Western Mail in 1912, 'Recollections' by Sam Allen. He was a young engineer who moved to Cardiff from Pembrokshire in the 1860s and in the book gives his impressions of Cardiff at that time. On page 67 he remembered a lady blacksmith who worked in a forge in Paradise Place. -

"Here, through an open window was to be seen a lady blacksmith, wielding a clumsy short-handled hammer, and pounding away on a short length of white-hot rod, about a quarter of an inch square. These rods were rolled especially for nail making, probably at the College Works near to the Cow and Snuffers at Llandaff. A little bellows, perched overhead, and operated by a sort of bell-rope, supplied the necessary blast, and another, considerably smaller, such as was in common use for kitchen purposes, sent a small jet of air, which blew away the scale from the nail in the course of making. A fixed cutter in the anvil were the principal appliances required for making the larger number of strong nails, by a past generation, for horse shoeing, and other purposes."

According to 'folk memory' (i.e. Margaret Hawkins and Alf Charles) the tollhouse block was demolished in the late 50s or early 60s. The last photograph we have of the houses is the one below, apparently taken in the 'post-war' period. The projecting booth has disappeared and the thatch roof has been replaced by corrugated iron sheets..



Seemingly "Noboby objected to a couple of old cottages being knocked down." But when one considers that in Cardiff at around that time a monstrous office block was built on top of the the Greyfriars Priory site that should come as no surprise.

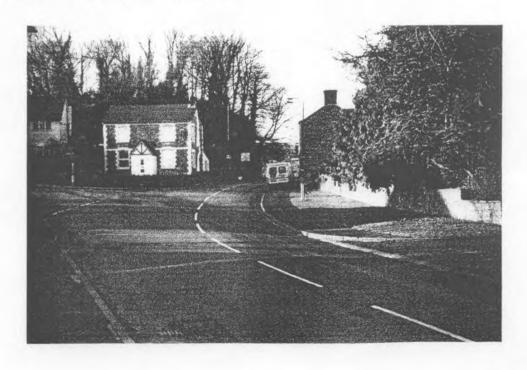
# <u>Further thoughts on the Westgate Toll House</u> 14/2/01



The photograph shows the Tollgate House after the Turnpike gate had been removed. The exact date of the picture is unknown but guessing from the clothes worn by the woman, standing at the door of the right-hand cottage, 'around 1900' would be a fair guess..

The 'Westgate Inn' is not visible but the gable end of the '1843 - Property 4' can be seen, as can 'Rock House' with a gas lamp at the front gate

Today all four cottages have been demolished. 'Rock House' is still standing and now the side of the renamed 'Westgate Inn' can be seen.



We can find out some details of the four cottages from the 1891 Census which listed the number of rooms in a property, if there less than 5.

1/ The separate building, <u>Property 4</u>, which stood at right angles to the road and was sometimes used as a 'Lodging House', had only 4 rooms!!!!

- 2/ The property on the Western end of the Tollgate block, <u>number 5</u>, also had 4 rooms. (in 1881 the house was occupied by farmer Evan Rees and his family, 11 people in all.)
- 3/ But the Tollhouse, Property 6a, was even smaller having only 2 rooms.
- 4/ Finally the property at the Eastern end of the block, number 6, had 3 rooms.



1843 DUNER MAS LEGUIS

The above photo' shows that No.6 had a lower roof line than the other two. The garden to the rear of the property, as shown in the 1843 Tithe Map, was much smaller than that shared (?) by 6a and 5. It appears to have been 'scooped out' of the meadow, Property 9, owned by Thomas Edmondes who also owned Property 5.

Therefore I would suggest that **properties 5** and **6a** were built as a single house of 6 rooms, at some time prior to the setting-up of the *Turnpike Trust* (ie. c.1764). Then at that time it was subdivided to provide 'basic accommodation' for the Toll Collector which was then sold by Thomas Edmondes to the Turnpike Trust. (? replaced later by the 'Commissioner of Roads'?)

Property 6, the easternmost dwelling of 3 rooms, was added at a later date and was allotted only a small back garden.

In 1843 **Property 4** stood on land owned by Richard Franklen the owner of the next door 'Westgate Inn' (opened c.1832). But had the cottage been built before 1832 (but <u>after</u> the construction of Property 5) and at 90° to the road to make most of the space between the then existing property boundaries?

tollgate2.lwp

DED

The **1891 Census** seemingly shows that the Westgate Turnpike had ceased to operate as it does not mention either the Tollhouse or a 'Tollgate Collector'. (see previous notes re -'The end of the Tollgates')

An apparently 'post-war' photo' shows that the projecting porch of the Tollhouse had gone as had the thatch, replaced by corrugated iron sheets. At this time I have not yet discovered when the buildings were demolished but we believe they were removed c1955.



Also the 1891 Census tells us that a 'Retired Toll Gate Keeper', Elizabeth ?Eddous? and her daughter, were living in Church Street. So does this mean that the South Toll House cottage was unused but still standing? Again, as with the Western Tollgate, there is no mention of the Eastern Tollgate.